

# THE UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO SCARBOROUGH Department of Psychology

PSYC58: Cognitive Psychology Laboratory, Fall 2017

## 1.0 CALENDAR DESCRIPTION

This course introduces conceptual and practical issues concerning research in cognitive psychology. Students will be introduced to current research methods through a series of practical exercises conducted on computers. By the end of the course, students will be able to program experiments, manipulate data files, and conduct basic data analyses.

## 2.0 COURSE INFORMATION

Prerequisite: [PSYB01H3 or PSYB04H3] and [PSYB07H3 or STAB22H3 or STAB23H3] and

[PSYB51H3 or PSYB57H3] **Exclusion:** PSY379H

**Recommended Preparation: PSYC08H3** 

Class Meeting Time: Lectures take place on Wednesdays between 9 am and 12 pm, in Room

SW316 (there will be a few additional one-hour tutorials held after lecture, in the same

classroom, from 11 am – 12 pm, days TBD).

**Textbook:** There is no textbook for this course. Rather, students will be required to read a number of research articles relating to various topics in cognitive psychology (see 'Readings')

### 3.0 INSTRUCTOR AND TEACHING ASSISTANT CONTACT INFORMATION

Instructor: Professor Jonathan Cant [email: jonathan.cant@utoronto.ca (please put PSYC58 in

the subject line of any emails)]

Office hours: Thursdays between 1:30 – 3:30 pm (SW 411)

Teaching assistant (TA): Marco Sama (marco.sama@mail.utoronto.ca)

Office hours: To be determined.

## **4.0 ONLINE COURSE RESOURCES**

Blackboard: https://portal.utoronto.ca/webapps/portal/frameset.jsp

Blackboard will be used as the main online resource for this course. All important courserelated information (e.g. announcements, syllabus, class schedule, assignment information, message boards, and grades) will be available via Black Board.

#### 5.0 DETAILED COURSE DESCRIPTION

This course has three main objectives. First, you will be introduced to a number of different methodological techniques used by cognitive psychologists to study the mind. Second, you will be given hands-on experience collecting, preparing, and analyzing data, using computer software that is commonly used in cognitive psychology experiments (E-Prime, Excel, and SPSS). Third, you will develop your communication skills by presenting your results to others using both oral (poster presentations) and written (formal APA research manuscript) methods. Thus, by the end of this course you will have both increased your knowledge of some core principles in cognitive psychology (objective #1), and will have gained valuable practical experience running experiments, analyzing data, and presenting scientific results (objectives #2 and #3). These objectives will be achieved through the combination of traditional lectures, hands-on laboratory exercises, and tutorials. The first two formal lectures in the course (see table under 'Class Schedule and Readings' below) will teach students about basic principles in experimental design and data analysis in cognitive psychology. Next, a number of common research topics in cognition will be covered, and for each topic I will provide an in-class lecture to familiarize students with the history and current understanding of that topic in the field of cognitive psychology. Importantly, four of these topics will be chosen for further study through the use of in-class laboratory exercises (i.e., The Stroop Effect, The Global Precedence Effect, Priming, and the Spatial Cueing of Attention). Specifically, after the lecture component, all students will take part in an actual cognitive psychology experiment in class. The data collected from this exercise will be used by students to create both a research poster (presented during the last or second-to-last class of the semester) and a formal APA research paper (different components of the paper will be due at different points in the semester; see 'EVALUATION' and 'Important Dates' below for more details). Finally, the TA for this course, Marco Sama, will give a number of tutorials instructing students on how to design (i.e., program), run, and analyze data from cognitive psychology experiments using the software package E-Prime (from 12 – 1 pm in SW 316 after lecture, days of tutorials to be determined).

As a student in this course, you can expect to develop and improve upon the following types of skills, all of which are important for future academic or work-related endeavors: critical reasoning, problem solving, public speaking, and effective scholarly writing. Moreover, you will have developed knowledge of core topics in cognition and perception, and will be able to relate this knowledge to the broader question of how information is represented in the human brain. Finally, you will have gained valuable hands-on experience in multiple aspects of scientific research, which is relevant not only to future academic course work, but also to securing volunteer positions in a number of labs at UTSC and ultimately to applications for graduate school.

# **Class Schedule and Readings:**

Date	Topic	Reading
September 6	Introduction to the course and	E-Prime User's Guide
	Basics of Experimental Design for	Appendix B (posted on
	Cognitive Psychology	blackboard)
September 13	Basics of Data Analysis for	
	Cognitive Psychology	
September 20	The Stroop Effect	http://goo.gl/U8HOLO
September 27	The Global Precedence Effect	http://goo.gl/QjN4Vj
October 4	Priming (APA Introduction due)	http://goo.gl/2loSdX
October 11	READING WEEK, NO CLASS	
	(Data for Stroop, Global	
	Precedence, & Priming released)	
October 18	Spatial Cueing of Attention	http://goo.gl/yMN00K
October 25	Tips for Data Analysis and Writing	
	Your Methods/Results Section	
	(Data for Spatial Cueing of	
	Attention released)	
November 1	Visual Search	http://goo.gl/rZ70b6
		http://goo.gl/fNOYhG
November 8	The Attentional Blink	http://goo.gl/twrBhm
	Tips for Making your Poster and	
	Writing your Discussion Section	
	(APA Method and Results	
	sections due for Stroop, Global	
	Precedence, and Priming)	
November 15	Change Blindness	http://goo.gl/kTUats
November 22	Poster Presentations (Stroop and	
	Global Precedence Effect)	
	(Method and Results sections due	
	for Spatial Cueing of Attention)	
November 29	Poster Presentations (Priming	
	and Spatial Cueing of Attention)	
	(APA Discussion section due)	
To be determined	Final Exam	

# **References for Readings:**

**The Stroop Effect:** Stroop, J.R. (1935). Studies of interference in serial verbal reactions. *Journal of Experimental Psychology*, 28, 643-662.

**The Global Precedence Effect:** Navon, D. (1977). Forest before trees: The precedence of global features in visual perception. *Cognitive Psychology*, *9*, 353-383.

- **Priming:** Meyer, D.E., & Schvaneveldt, R.W. (1971). Facilitation in recognizing pairs of words: Evidence of a dependence between retrieval operations. *Journal of Experimental Psychology*, 90, 227-234.
- **Spatial Cueing of Attention:** Posner, M.I., Snyder, C.R.R., Davidson, B.J. (1980) Attention and the detection of signals. *Journal of Experimental Psychology: General, 109*, 160-174.
- Visual Search: (1) Neisser, U. (1964). Visual search. Scientific American 210(6), 94-102. (2) Tresiman, A.M., & Gelade, G. (1980). A feature-integration theory of attention. Cognitive Psychology, 12, 97-136.
- The Attentional Blink: Raymond, J.E., Shapiro, K.L., & Arnell, K.M. (1992). Temporary suppression of visual processing in an RSVP task: An attentional blink? *Journal of Experimental Psychology: Human Perception and Performance*, 18, 849-860.
- Change Blindness: Rensink, R.A., O'Regan, J.K., & Clark, J.J. (1997). To see or not to see: the need for attention to perceive changes in scenes. *Psychological Science*, *8*, 368-373.

## **6.0 EVALUATION**

Participation in Laboratory Experiments (10%)

Assignment 1: APA Introduction (10%)

Assignment 2: APA Method and Results Sections (20%)

Assignment 3: APA Discussion Section (15%) Assignment 4: Poster Presentation (15%)

Final Exam (30%)

#### Participation in Laboratory Experiments (10%)

An integral component of this laboratory course is the opportunity to take part in four different cognitive psychology experiments, conducted in class. These experiments will investigate: The Stroop Effect (September 20), The Global Precedence Effect (September 27), Priming (October 4), and the Spatial Cueing of Attention (October 18). The data generated during these experiments will be used by students to create both a research poster (presented on November 22 or November 29; see 'Schedule' and 'Important Dates' for more details) and a formal APA research paper (with the Introduction, Method and Results, and Discussion sections due October 4, November 8 or 22, and November 29, respectively). Thus, it is extremely important that students attend these four classes, as the quality of their own and their classmates' poster and research paper critically depends upon having an adequate sample size to conduct statistical analyses. I will be taking attendance during these four classes, and each class missed carries a penalty of 2.5% of the students' final grade. No penalty will be applied if the student provides valid documentation for their absence (e.g., documented family emergency, or UTSC medical certificate). If the student does not wish to participate in the in-class experiments, they will be required to hand in four separate research papers (each 1000 words in length), the topic of which will be selected by the instructor in a one-on-one meeting with the student. The due dates of these four papers will be the date of each in-class experiment.

## **APA Introduction (10%)**

On the first day of class, each student will select a topic for their research paper, choosing from the four topics covered during the in-class experiments (i.e., Stoop, Global Precedence Effect, Priming, or Spatial Cueing of Attention). If a student misses the first day of class, then the instructor will select a topic for them. The first component of the formal APA research paper will be the Introduction, which will be due on October 4. In general, the Introduction should be structured so as to first introduce the research topic, then provide an in-depth review of the literature pertaining to that topic, and finish by introducing the current study (i.e., brief description of the design of the study and relevant hypotheses).

## **APA Method and Results Sections (20%)**

The second component of the formal APA research paper will be the Method and Results sections, which will be due on November 8 (for Stroop, Global Precedence, and Priming) or November 22 (for Spatial Cueing of Attention). The purpose of a Method section in a formal research paper is to provide the reader with enough information to understand the design of your study, and to replicate your findings, should they want to pursue that avenue. A detailed and well-written Method section can help a reader understand the results of a study, and typically includes separate sections describing the *Participants* who took part in the study, the *Apparatus and Equipment* used to conduct the study, and the *Design and Procedure* of the study (i.e., the sequence of events that a participant encounters while taking part in the study). The TA will help you to obtain information about the design and procedure of each in-class experiment by examining the E-Prime scripts used to run the experiments, during the tutorial sections.

The Results section clearly describes the main findings in your study, and summarizes all of the relevant statistical tests that you conducted. It should start with a brief description of how you analysed your data (e.g., the type of experimental design you used, the type of statistical tests used), and then proceed to describe the results of the statistical tests in a clear and organized manner (e.g., if describing results from more than 1 dependent variable, results from each dependent variable should be grouped and separated from each other). A critical component of Results sections are figures and tables summarizing findings. You will be expected to generate your own figures and tables, based on the analysis of your particular data set (i.e., results from either the Stroop, Global Precedence, Priming, or Spatial Cueing experiment), and reference these visual aids at appropriate points in the Results section. You will receive instruction on how to import your data from E-Prime into Excel, how to appropriately organize and pre-process your data in Excel, and how to conduct relevant statistical tests in SPSS.

## **APA Discussion Section (15%)**

The third component of the formal APA research paper will be the Discussion section, which will be due on November 29. The purpose of the Discussion is to provide an interpretation of the data described in the Results section. It should start with a brief summary of the main findings of your experiment, and then provide detailed interpretations of these findings, in relation to previous research that both supports and contradicts your interpretations. Near the end of your Discussion you should also discuss limitations of your study, future directions that this research could be taken into, and conclude with a paragraph summarizing your main results and interpretations.

Formatting: All components should be prepared according to APA format (see <a href="http://www.apastyle.org/manual/">https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/560/01/</a>), should be written in 12-point font, should be double-spaced with 1 inch margins, and should include both a title page and reference list. The page limits for each section are (which do not include a title page and reference list):

Introduction: no longer than six pages double spaced

**Method and Results:** no limit

**Discussion**: no longer than eight pages double spaced

While there is no upper limit for the amount of references used, you should use at least 10 references in the Introduction (that are different from the references discussed in class) and 10 references in the Discussion (different from both the references discussed in class and used in the Introduction).

**Note:** all papers are due in hard copy at the beginning of the specified class.

#### Poster Presentation (15%)

In addition to written research papers, scientists communicate their findings to the academic community through the use of oral presentations. In this laboratory course you will give one type of oral presentation, a poster presentation, which will take place either on November 22 (if your research topic is The Stroop Effect or The Global Precedence Effect) or November 29 (if your research topic is Priming or the Spatial Cueing of Attention). Examples of poster presentations (made in PowerPoint) will be given in class, but briefly, a research poster summarizes and presents all of the relevant information covered in a research paper. Thus, there is an Introduction, Method, Results, and Discussion section. Good practices for making posters will be covered in class, but in general, you should use a little text as possible, in favour of multiple visual aids. Students will be able to team up with one or two additional students to make and present their poster. A good strategy would be to form a group of 3, and allocate the work evenly. For example, one student could make and present the Introduction section of the poster, a second student could make and present the method and results, and the third student could make and present the discussion section. Each presentation should be no longer than 10 minutes in length, and will be followed by a five-minute question-and-answer period.

**Note:** a PDF version of the poster should be emailed to the instructor before class on the day of your group's presentation.

## Final Exam (30%)

The final examination will cover material from all of the lectures, laboratory experiments, tutorials, and assigned readings. Since some of the material presented in class will not be covered in the readings (and vice versa), it is important to both attend class and to read the required readings.

## **Important Dates**

October 4: APA Introduction due

November 8: APA Method and Results sections due (for Stroop, Global Precedence, and

Priming)

November 22: First round of group poster presentations (The Stroop Effect and The Global

Precedence Effect)

APA Method and Results sections due (for Spatial Cueing of Attention)

November 29: Second round of group poster presentations (Priming and Spatial Cueing of

Attention)

APA Discussion section due

**TBD:** Final exam

<u>Policy on late assignments:</u> late assignments will lose 10% for each day past the deadline that they are not submitted. Extensions will only be granted with proper documentation (i.e., documented family emergency, or UTSC medical certificate). Please note, according to UTSC policy, I am not permitted to extend the deadline for any assignment past the last day of classes for the semester (December 4).

<u>Policy on missed term work due to medical illness or emergency</u>: All students citing a documented reason for missed term work must bring their documentation to the Psychology Course Coordinator in SW427C within three (3) business days of the assignment due date. You must bring the following:

- (1.) A completed Request for Missed Term Work form (http://uoft.me/PSY-MTW), and
- (2.) Appropriate documentation to verify your illness or emergency, as described below.

## **Appropriate Documentation:**

In the case of missed term work due to **illness**, only an **original copy** of the official <u>UTSC</u> <u>Verification of Illness Form</u> will be accepted (http://uoft.me/UTSC-Verification-Of-Illness-Form). Forms are to be **completed in full**, clearly indicating the start date, anticipated end date, and severity of illness. The physician's registration number and business stamp are required.

In the case of **medical emergency**, an original copy of the record of visitation to a hospital emergency room should be provided.

In the case of a **death of a family member**, a copy of a death certificate should be provided.

In the case of a **disability-related** concern, an email communication should be sent directly to the Course Coordinator (psychology-undergraduate@utsc.utoronto.ca) from your Disability Consultant at AccessAbility Services, detailing the accommodations required. The Course Instructor should also be copied on this email.

For U of T Varsity athletic commitments, an email communication should be sent directly to the Course Coordinator (psychology-undergraduate@utsc.utoronto.ca) from a coach or varsity administrator, detailing the dates and nature of the commitment. The email should be sent well in advance of the missed work.

Documents covering the following situations are **NOT acceptable**: medical prescriptions, anything related to personal travel, weddings/personal/work commitments.

#### Procedure:

Submit your (1.) request form and (2.) medical/other documents in person within 3 business days of the missed test or assignment. Forms should be submitted to SW427C between 9 AM - 4 PM, Monday through Friday. If you are unable to meet this deadline for some reason, you must contact the Course Coordinator via email (psychology-undergraduate@utsc.utoronto.ca) within the three business day window. Exceptions to the documentation deadline will only be made under exceptional circumstances.

Within approximately one week, you will receive an email response from the Course Instructor / Course Coordinator detailing the accommodations to be made (if any). You are responsible for checking your official U of T email and Blackboard course announcements daily, as accommodations may be time-critical. The Course Instructor reserves the right to decide what accommodations (if any) will be made for the missed work.

Failure to adhere to any aspect of this policy may result in a denial of your request for accommodation.

Note that this policy applies only to missed term work (assignments and midterms). Missed final exams are handled by the Registrar's Office (http://www.utsc.utoronto.ca/registrar/missing-examination)

Policy on missed final examinations: students are expected to write the final examination. If a student fails to write the final examination, they may petition the Registrar's office for permission to write a deferred exam, but note that the Registrar's office only grants these petitions under conditions of illness or extreme emergency at the time of the examination (see <a href="http://www.utsc.utoronto.ca/registrar/deferred-exams">http://www.utsc.utoronto.ca/registrar/deferred-exams</a> for more details). Thus, you must ensure that you have proper documentation to support your petition (e.g., documented family emergency, or UTSC medical certificate). Students who fail to provide proper documentation for missing the final exam will receive a mark of 0% on that exam.

## 7.0 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

#### **Help With Writing**

If you would like help with academic writing, the following resources are available to you:

- The Centre for Teaching and Learning (AC312) Writing Centre offers students one-to-one appointments and supplementary materials to help improve upon their writing skills. <a href="http://ctl.utsc.utoronto.ca/home/">http://ctl.utsc.utoronto.ca/home/</a> <a href="http://ctl.utsc.utoronto.ca/twc/">http://ctl.utsc.utoronto.ca/twc/</a>
- The English Language Development Centre offers support and specialized writing programs for students who do not speak English as their primary language.

http://ctl.utsc.utoronto.ca/eld/

- Advice on academic writing

## http://www.writing.utoronto.ca/advice

## **Academic Integrity**

Academic integrity is essential to the pursuit of learning and scholarship in a university, and to ensuring that a degree from the University of Toronto is a strong signal of each student's individual academic achievement. As a result, the University treats cases of cheating and plagiarism very seriously. The University of Toronto's Code of Behaviour on Academic Matters (<a href="http://www.governingcouncil.utoronto.ca/Assets/Governing+Council+Digital+Assets/Policies/PDF/ppjun011995.pdf">http://www.governingcouncil.utoronto.ca/Assets/Governing+Council+Digital+Assets/Policies/PDF/ppjun011995.pdf</a>) outlines the behaviours that constitute academic dishonesty and the processes for addressing academic offences. Potential offences include, but are not limited to:

## In papers and assignments:

- Using someone else's ideas or words without appropriate acknowledgement;
- Submitting your own work in more than one course without the permission of the instructor;
- Making up sources or facts;
- Obtaining or providing unauthorized assistance on any assignment.

#### On tests and exams:

- Using or possessing unauthorized aids;
- Looking at someone else's answers during an exam or test;
- Misrepresenting your identity; and
- When you knew or ought to have known you were doing it.

#### In academic work:

- Falsifying institutional documents or grades;
- Falsifying or altering any documentation required by the University, including (but not limited to) doctor's notes; and
- When you knew or ought to have known you were doing so.

All suspected cases of academic dishonesty will be investigated following procedures outlined in the Code of Behaviour on Academic Matters. If students have questions or concerns about what constitutes appropriate academic behaviour or appropriate research and citation methods, they are expected to seek out additional information on academic integrity from their instructors or from other institutional resources.

#### Note:

You may see advertisements for services offering grammar help, essay editing and proofreading. Be very careful. If these services take a draft of your work and significantly change the content and/or language, you may be committing an academic offence (unauthorized assistance) under the *Code of Behaviour on Academic Matters*.

It is much better and safer to take your draft to the Writing Centre as early as you can. They will give you guidance you can trust. Students for whom English is not their first language should go to the English Language Development Centre.

If you decide to use these services in spite of this caution, you <u>must</u> keep a draft of your work and any notes you made before you got help and <u>be prepared to give it to your instructor on</u>

#### request.

#### Turnitin

Written assignments may be subject to submission for textual similarity review and detection of possible plagiarism using the commercial plagiarism detection software under license to the University (<a href="http://www.turnitin.com">http://www.turnitin.com</a>). If used, students will allow their essays to be included as source documents in the Turnitin.com reference database, where they will be used solely for the purpose of detecting plagiarism. The terms that apply to the University's use of the Turnitin.com service are described on the Turnitin.com web site.

## Access Ability Services

Students with diverse learning styles and needs are welcome in this course. In particular, if you have a disability/health consideration that may require accommodations, please feel free to approach me and/or the AccessAbility Services as soon as possible.

AccessAbility Services staff (located in Rm SW302, Science Wing) are available by appointment to assess specific needs, provide referrals and arrange appropriate accommodations <a href="mailto:416-287-7560">416-287-7560</a> or email <a href="mailto:ability@utsc.utoronto.ca">ability@utsc.utoronto.ca</a>. The sooner you let us know your needs the quicker we can assist you in achieving your learning goals in this course.

#### **Literature Searches**

Students can use the following resources when conducting literature searches to find relevant articles for their presentation and final essay:

The UTSC Library (AC235) http://www.library.utoronto.ca/utsc/

PubMed

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed

**PsychINFO** 

http://www.apa.org/pubs/databases/psycinfo/index.aspx

Google Scholar

http://scholar.google.ca/

#### For Your Health

The Health and Wellness Centre (SL270, 416-287-7065) provides diagnostic, treatment and referral services for all illnesses ranging from the medical to psychological to health promotion. The professional staff of physicians, nurses and counselors provides personal advice and assistance with family issues, eating disorders, depression, stress, drug and alcohol abuse, relationship issues, a positive space for gender/sexuality issues, and more.

http://www.utsc.utoronto.ca/wellness