

PSYC85 – History of Psychology

Course Syllabus Summer 2013

hilscher@utsc.utoronto.ca
416-287-7448
SW142C
Tuesdays 1:30-2:30 pm, or by appointment

<u>Overview</u>:

This course surveys the developments in Western philosophy and science that influenced the emergence of European psychology in the second half of the 19th century, and American psychology soon thereafter.

In particular we will begin with the ancient Greek philosophers, and consider the contributions of European scholars from the 15th through 19th centuries. The 20th Century schools of psychoanalysis, functionalism, structuralism, gestalt, behaviorism, and phenomenology will also be covered.

This course emphasizes the role of social-societal-historical context in the development of psychological thought, and the progress of this discipline in North America. To compensate for the sometimes limiting impact of social context we will also study psychologists who were marginalized in the past due to factors such as race and gender.

Objectives:

By the end of this course you should be able to:

- Create a timeline of the major schools of thought as discussed in this course (e.g., British Empiricism, behaviorism)

- Compare and contrast scholars (e.g., Descartes, Locke, James, Wundt) based on their views given the three fundamental themes (mind/body, epistemology, morality).

- Differentiate between psychology as a discipline and psychology as a profession.
- Differentiate between internal and external factors that shaped the history of

psychology, and use this distinction to critically assess psychology as it is today.

Class Dates:

Tuesdays, May 7 – July 30, 11 am – 1 pm, SW128

Required Readings:

Textbook: Benjafield's (2010). A history of psychology (3rd Edition).

Other Readings and Resources:

The History of the Behavioral Sciences History of Psychology History of the Human Sciences

These are supplementary resources, but it's definitely worth exploring these journals! You can access them through the UofT Library **PsycInfo** portal.

Students with diverse learning styles and needs are welcome in this course. In particular, if you have a disability/health consideration that may require accommodations, please feel free to approach me and/or the AccessAbility Services Office as soon as possible. I will work with you and AccessAbility Services to ensure you can achieve your learning goals in this course. Enquiries are confidential. The UTSC AccessAbility Services staff (located in S302) are available by appointment to assess specific needs, provide referrals and arrange appropriate accommodations. Contact: 416-287-7560 or ability@utsc.utoronto.ca

Evaluation:

Each of the following is worth 1/3 of your final course grade:

Midterm Test

- → Multiple Choice + Short Answer questions
- \rightarrow Tentatively booked for **Tuesday June 25**, during class.

Final Exam

- → Multiple Choice + Short Answer questions
- \rightarrow TBA (sometime during examination period which is August 13 to 28th, 2012).

Paper

- \rightarrow 15 pages double-spaced, not including references and title page.
- \rightarrow No table of contents or abstract required.
- \rightarrow APA formatting applies.
- \rightarrow Written on a topic of your choice related to the history of psychology.
- \rightarrow You should explore changes within and external to the field of psychology which influenced the development of your topic.
- \rightarrow Topic should be approved by course instructor before you begin writing.

Lecture and Reading Schedule:

Date	Lecture	Readings
May 7	Lecture 1: Introduction and Historiography	Chapter 1
May 14	Lecture 2: The Ancients through Aristotle	Chapter 2
May 21	Lecture 3: Hellenistic Period through Descartes	Chapter 3
May 28	Lecture 4: Descartes continued through British Empiricism	Chapter 11
June 4	Lecture 5: German Rationalism through Darwin	Chapter 4
June 11	Lecture 6: Darwin continued through Wundt	Chapter 5
June 18	Reading Week. No class.	
June 25	Tentative Midterm Date. More details to come.	
July 2	Lecture 7: Wundt continued through James	Chapters 6 & 10
July 9	Lecture 8: Morrill Act through Hall; Paper Help Session	Chapter 13
July 16	Lecture 9: Structuralism/Functionalism through IQ Testing	Chapter 8
July 23	Lecture 10: Behaviorism through Cognitive Revolution	Chapters 9 & 12
July 30	Lecture 11: Cognitive Revolution continued through Freud	Chapters 7 & 15

Academic Integrity:

Academic integrity is essential to the pursuit of learning and scholarship in a university, and to ensuring that a degree from the University of Toronto is a strong signal of each student's individual academic achievement. As a result, the University treats cases of cheating and plagiarism very seriously. The University of Toronto's Code of Behaviour on Academic Matters (<u>http://www.governingcouncil.utoronto.ca/policies/behaveac.htm</u>) outlines the behaviours that constitute academic dishonesty and the processes for addressing academic offences.

Potential offences include but are not limited to: IN PAPERS AND ASSIGNMENTS: Using someone else's ideas or words without appropriate acknowledgement. Submitting your own work in more than one course without the permission of the instructor. Making up sources or facts. Obtaining or providing unauthorized assistance on any assignment.

ON TESTS AND EXAMS: Using or possessing unauthorized aids. Looking at someone else's answers during an exam or test. Misrepresenting your identity.

IN ACADEMIC WORK: Falsifying institutional documents or grades. Falsifying or altering any documentation required by the University, including (but not limited to) doctor's notes.

All suspected cases of academic dishonesty will be investigated following procedures outlined in the Code of Behaviour on Academic Matters. If you have questions or concerns about what constitutes appropriate academic behaviour or appropriate research and citation methods, you are expected to seek out additional information on academic integrity from your instructor or from other institutional resources (see http://www.utoronto.ca/academicintegrity/resourcesforstudents.html)