NROC64S COURSE SYLLABUS: WINTER 2005 SENSORY AND MOTOR SYSTEMS

COURSE DETAILS

Instructor:

Professor N.W. Milgram Room S-637 287-7402 Office hours: M 14:00-16:00 email milgram@psych.utoronto.edu

Teaching Assistants:

Classrooms And Scheduled Times:

Lectures:

Monday 10:00-12:00 SW143 Wednesday 10:00-11:00 SW128

Course Description

This course covers the neurobiology of sensory and motor systems. The goal is to understand how the external world is encoded (sensory coding), recognized (perception) and acted upon (motor control). The course will start with a general discussion of neural coding and representation. The next topic will be vision. We start with an analysis of retinal processes, which include image formation, visual transduction and retinal coding. This is followed by a discussion of CNS processing — the transformation of neural codes to visual perception.

We will then cover the other main sensory systems. These include the auditory system, somatosensory system (touch, thermosensitivity, kinesthesia, pain), olfactory system and gustatory system.

The last topic will be motor control. We will first look at muscle contraction, and the associated peripheral and spinal control mechanisms. We will then focus on the brain motor system and how this is involved in planning and triggering motor sequences.

Course Materials

Tests will be based on lecture notes and assigned readings. The readings will be Scientific American articles that relate to topics covered in this course..

Powerpoint slides used in the lectures will be placed on the internet course site. The URL is http://www.utsc.utoronto.ca/~milgram/nroc64/

The URL also has a set of lecture notes, which are intended to provide further reference material and do **not** constitute assigned reading

Grading

Grades will be based on two midterms (February 2th and March 17th) worth 25% each (50% in total), a comprehensive final exam worth 50%.

The exam questions will consist of multiple choice, fill in the blank, true false, matching and short answer questions. Examples are on the course URL.

ASSIGNED READINGS

- Andersen, J.L., Schjerling, P., & Saltin, B. (2000). Muscles, genes and athletic performance. *Scientific American* (September)283, 48-55.
- Borg, E., & Counter, A. (1989). The middle-ear muscles. *Scientific American (August)*, 261, 74-81.
- Bower, J.M., & Parsons, L.M. (2003). Rethinking the lesser brain. *Scientific American* (August), 289, 50-57.
- Catania, K.C. (2002). The nose takes a starring role. Scientific American (July), 287, 54-60.
- Dahm, T. (2004). Dying to see. *Scientific American (October)*, 29, 83-89.Freeman, W.J. (1991). The physiology of perception. *Scientific American* (February), 264, 78-87.
- Freeman, W.J.(1991)The physiology of perception. *Scientific American (Feb).*, 78-85 Grillner, S. (1996) Neural networks for vertebrate locomotion. *Scientific American* (January), 274, 64-69.
- Livingstone, M.S. (1985). Art, illusion and the visual system. Scientific American, 258, 78-85.
- Logothetis, N.K. (1999). Vision: a window on consciousness. *Scientific American* (November), 279, 69-75.
- Melzack, R. (1990). The tragedy of needless pain Scientific American (Feb), 262, 27-33.
- Melzack, R. (1992). Phantom limbs. Scientific American (April), 120-126.
- Nicolelis, M.A.L., & Chapin, J.K. Controlling robots with the mind. (2002), Scientific American, 287 46-53.
- Ramachandran, V.S. and Hubbard, EM (2004). Hearing colors, tasting shapes. *Scientific American*, (May), 288, 53-59.
- Ramachandran, V.S. (1992). Blind spots. Scientific American (May), 266, 86-91.
- Smith, D.V., & Margolskee R.F., (2001). Making Sense of Taste. *Scientific American* (March), 284, 32-39.
- Sun, H., & Nathans, J. (2001). The challenge of macular degeneration. *Scientific American*, (October), 285, 68-75.
- Suga, N. (1990). Biosonar and neural computation in bats. *Scientific American (June)*, 262, 60-71.
- Weinberger, N.W. (2004). Music and the brain. Scientific American (Nov), 291, 88-95.

COURSE SCHEDULE

Week and Date	Topics	Assigned Reading
1- Jan 5	Introduction; Sensory Codes and Representations	Ramachandran
2- Jan 10	Vision: The Visual Stimulus	Dahm
12	Vision: Structure of the Eye; Formation of Retinal Images	Sun and Nathans
3- Jan 17	Vision: Transduction Mechanisms	
19	Vision: Retinal Coding; Visual Pathways in CNS	Livingstone
4- Jan 24	Vision: Representations of Objects and Space	Logothetis; Ramachandran and Hubbard
26		
5- Jan 31	Peripheral Mechanisms in Audition – the Cochlea; transduction mechanisms	Borg and Counter
Feb 2	First Midterm Exam (In Class)	
6- Feb 7	Audition: The Auditory Nerve	Suga
9	Anatomy of Brain Auditory System; Cortical Mechanisms	Weinberger
Feb 14- 20	Reading Week: No Classes	
7- Feb 21	Somatosensory Systems: Introduction and Historical Background	Catania
23	Peripheral Coding of the Somatosensory system - Somatosensory System anatomy	Melzack (1990)
8- Feb 28	Cortical Processing - Somatosensory Plasticity	Melzack (1992)
Mar 2	Olfaction and Taste	Smith and Margolskee
9- Mar 7	Olfaction	
9	Central Nervous System Processing Odors	Freeman
10- Mar14	Movement: Organization of Motor Control: Control of Muscle contraction	Andersen et al.
16	Second Midterm Exam	**************************************
11-Mar 21	The Muscle Spindle System	Grillner
23	Preprogrammed Response Sequences; The Cerebellum	Bower and Parsons
12-Mar 28	Premotor Networks and Motor Cortex	Nicolelis and Chaplin
Mar 30	Basal Ganglia and Cortical Processing Networks; Motor Plans and Images	